SECTION 5 – AERONAUTICAL ACTIVITIES

5.01 GENERAL RULES

a. COMPLIANCE WITH ORDERS

All Aeronautical Activities at the Airport shall be conducted in compliance with all federal, state and local laws, current applicable Federal Aviation Regulations, these Rules and Regulations, the directions of the Control Tower and any applicable Airport Minimum Standards.

b. NEGLIGENT OPERATIONS PROHIBITED

In accordance with 14 CFR Part 91.13, no person shall operate Aircraft at the Airport in a careless or reckless manner so as to endanger the life or property of others.

c. CLOSURE OF AIRPORT

The Director or his authorized representative shall have the right at any time to close the Airport when such action is considered to be necessary and desirable to avoid endangering Persons or property and to be consistent with the safe and proper operation of the Airport. The Director shall have the right to close the Airport in its entirety or any portion thereof to air traffic, to delay or restrict any flight or other Aircraft operation, to direct refusal of takeoff permission to Aircraft, and to deny the use of the Airport or any portion thereof to any specified class of Aircraft or to any individual or group, when any such action is considered to be necessary and desirable to avoid endangering Persons or property, and to be consistent with the safe and proper operation of the Airport. In the event the Director or his authorized representative believes the condition of the Airport to be unsafe for landings or takeoffs, it shall be within his authority to issue, or cause to be issued, a NOTAM (notice to airmen) closing the Airport or any portion thereof.

d. AIRCRAFT ACCIDENTS

- 1. The pilot operator of any Aircraft involved in an Aircraft Accident or Incident on the Airport shall in addition to all other reports required by other agencies, make a prompt and complete report concerning said Aircraft Accident or Incident to the office of the Director. The operator of an Aircraft involved in an Aircraft Accident or Incident on the Airport requiring NTSB notification under FAR Part 830 shall also immediately notify the Director. If a written report is submitted to the NTSB, a copy of the report shall also be submitted to the Director.
- 2. The pilot, or any member of the crew able to do so, or the owner, or lessee of an Aircraft involved in an accident defined in 49 CFR Part 830 shall immediately report such accident to the Virginia State Police in accordance with 24 VAC 5-20-290.

- 3. No Aircraft involved in an Aircraft Accident or Incident shall be moved from the accident scene unless first authorized by an official of either the NTSB or FAA, or the Director, acting in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations.
- 4. After its release by authorities, if the owner of the Aircraft fails for any reason to remove a wrecked or damaged Aircraft in a timely manner from the Airport as may be requested by the Director, the Director may cause the removal and storage or disposal of such wrecked or damaged Aircraft at the sole expense of the Aircraft owner. These costs may include cost for business lost.
- 5. The pilot or operator of an Aircraft involved in an Aircraft Accident or Incident shall be responsible for all costs associated with the event.

e. TAMPERING WITH AIRCRAFT

No Person shall interfere or tamper with an Aircraft, or put in motion such Aircraft, or use or remove any Aircraft, Aircraft parts, instruments, or tools without positive evidence of the permission of the owner thereof. No person shall enter an Aircraft without the consent of the Person in charge thereof. Any violation of this Section may result in the Person's prosecution pursuant to Manassas City Code Sections 78-76 and 78-77.

f. CERTIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT AND LICENSING OF PILOTS

All Aircraft operating at the Airport shall be appropriately certified or registered with all applicable federal, state and local agencies. All pilots using the Airport shall possess an appropriate pilot's license in accordance with FAA regulations, if the Aircraft being flown requires a license by the FAA.

5.02 AIRPORT OPERATIONAL RESTRICTIONS

a. RESTRICTIONS

Unless contrary to FARs (Federal Aviation Regulations), the Director may designate or restrict or prohibit the use of Runways, Taxiways or Aprons at the Airport with respect to, but not limited to, the following types of operations:

- 1. Experimental flights
- 2. Equipment demonstration
- 3. Air shows
- 4. Maintenance flight checks
- 5. Fly-ins
- 6. Special Events as approved by the Airport Commission
- 7. Emergency Exercises

b. TAKEOFFS AND LANDINGS

- 1. Every Person operating an Aircraft shall comply with and operate such Aircraft in conformity with instructions given by the Control Tower.
- 2. When the Control Tower is closed, every person operating an Aircraft shall comply with and operate such Aircraft in conformity with procedures recommended and outlined in the latest version of the Aeronautical Information Manual (AIM).
- 3. Any Person operating or controlling an Aircraft landing at or taking off from the Airport shall maintain engine noise within applicable noise limits as promulgated by the Federal Government, the Commonwealth of Virginia, City of Manassas, or the Airport, whichever is the most restrictive.

c. BANNER TOWING

Due to the heavy volume of powered Aircraft traffic at the Airport, Aircraft banner tow pickups and drop-offs from the Airport are prohibited within the Airport safety areas, as outlined in FAA Advisory Circular 150/5300, section 305, tables 3-1, 3-2, and 3-3.

d. KITES, MODELS, & ROCKETS

No kites, model airplanes, rockets or other objects shall be flown on the Airport without prior written authorization from the Director.

e. ULTRALIGHT VEHICLES

All ultralight vehicle operations at the Airport must comply with FAR 103.

f. PARACHUTING

Under special circumstances, the Airport Director may authorize parachuting as prescribed in FAR Part 105, Parachute Operations.

g. LIGHTER-THAN-AIR VEHICLES

Lighter-than-air vehicles (airships and blimps) may only be moored in the areas designated by the Director. A map of the designated mooring areas is available from the Director.

5.03 TAXI AND GROUND RULES

a. AIRCRAFT PARKING

- 1. No Person shall Park an Aircraft in any area on the Airport except those designated, and in the manner prescribed, by the Director. If any Person uses unauthorized areas for Aircraft Parking, the Aircraft so Parked may be removed by or at the direction of the Director at the risk and expense of the owner or operator thereof. The Director shall not be liable for damages to any Aircraft or loss of personal property that might result from the act of removal.
- 2. No person shall leave an Aircraft Parked and unattended on the Airport without properly securing the Aircraft with either wheel chocks and or tie-down ropes, and in accordance with Section 2.06 of these Rules and Regulations.
- 3. No person shall Park an Aircraft in a tie-down space unless that Person has an approved tie-down Lease Agreement with the Airport and has provided the Airport with all documents required by the Lease Agreement. Aircraft found to be Parked in a tie-down space without an approved tie-down Lease Agreement will be subject to removal by the Airport, at no risk or liability to the Airport, and at the expense of the owner of the Aircraft.

b. DISABLED AND/OR DERELICT AIRCRAFT

An Aircraft owner shall be responsible for the prompt removal of any disabled Aircraft and associated parts as instructed by the Director or authorized representative. Such Aircraft and associated parts may be removed by the Director at the owner's or operator's expense and without liability for damage which may be incurred as a result of such removal.

- 1. No Person shall Park or store any Aircraft in a non-flyable condition on Airport property, including any leased or franchised premises, for a period in excess of ninety (90) days, without the written permission of the Director.
- 2. No Person shall store or retain Aircraft parts or components as inventory anywhere on the Airport, other than in an enclosed, authorized facility, or in a manner approved in writing by the Director.

3. Whenever any Aircraft is Parked, stored or left in non-flyable condition on the Airport in violation of the provisions of this Section, the Airport shall so notify the owner or operator thereof by certified or registered mail, and require removal of said Aircraft within fifteen (15) days of the mailing of such notice. If the owner or operator is unknown or cannot be found, the Director shall conspicuously post and affix such notice to the said Aircraft, and require removal of said Aircraft within fifteen (15) days of the date of posting. Upon failure of the owner or operator of said Aircraft to remove said Aircraft as required, the Director shall cause the removal of such Aircraft from the Airport and the access gate card will be revoked. All costs incurred by the Airport shall be recoverable against the owner or operator thereof. The Director shall not be liable for damages to any Aircraft or loss of personal property that might result from the act of removal.

c. STARTING AND RUNNING AIRCRAFT ENGINES

- 1. No Aircraft engine shall be run at the Airport unless a pilot, certified A & P (airframe and power plant) mechanic, or other qualified individual to run the engines of that particular type of Aircraft is at the controls.
- 2. No Person may run an engine of an Aircraft Parked on the Airport in a manner that could cause injury to Persons or damage to any other property, or in a manner that could endanger the safety of operations on the Airport.
- 3. The designated areas for Aircraft engine run-ups for Aircraft that have a gross weight of 12,500 pounds or less are the holding bays located at the end of Runways 16L-34R, 16R-34L, and Taxiway Kilo. Aircraft may also use apron areas and aircraft parking areas. Reference item 2 of this section.
- 4. The designated areas for Aircraft engine run-ups for Aircraft that have a gross weight greater than 12,500 pounds are the holding bays located at the end of Runway 16L-34R, 34L and Taxiway Kilo. Reference item 2 of this section.
- 5. At no time shall engines be run-up for pre-flight test or maintenance/repair except in the areas designated, unless it is necessary to have ground maintenance personnel present while conducting the engine run-ups. In that case, the Aircraft shall be situated in an area so that the propeller or jet blast does not endanger Persons or property behind the Aircraft. In no case will the operator of an Aircraft block any Runway, Taxiway or Taxilane while conducting such maintenance/repair run-ups.
- 6. Noise emanating from Aircraft engines during ground operations shall be maintained within the applicable noise limits as promulgated by the Federal Government, the Commonwealth of Virginia, the City of Manassas, or the Airport, whichever is the most restrictive.
- 7. The starting or operating of Aircraft engines inside any hangar is prohibited. This shall not be construed as prohibiting the use of tractors with NFPA-approved exhaust systems when moving Aircraft within any hangar.

8. Maintenance engine run-ups in designated areas are restricted to the hours of 7:00AM to 10:00PM, Monday through Sunday. Operations conducted after these hours must be submitted for approval in writing to the Director. Engine run-ups associated with preflight activity are permitted at all hours.

d. AIRCRAFT TAXI OPERATIONS

- 1. No Person shall taxi an Aircraft in the AOA until they have ascertained that there will be no danger of collision with any Persons or objects. No Person shall taxi an Aircraft within the movement area until they have received clearance from the Control Tower, during Control Tower operating hours.
- 2. All Aircraft shall be taxied at a safe and reasonable speed.
- 3. No Aircraft shall be taxied into or out of any hangar under its own power.
- 4. During the period between sunset and sunrise, no person shall operate, move, or Park an Aircraft unless:
 - i. The Aircraft is clearly illuminated; or
 - ii. The Aircraft has lighted position lights; or
 - iii. The Aircraft is in an area marked by obstruction lights.
 - iv. The Aircraft is moved by a dolly or tug.
- 5. All Aircraft operations shall be confined to hard-surfaced Runways, Taxiways, and Aprons, unless otherwise approved by the Director or as directed by Air Traffic Control.

5.04 AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE IN T-HANGARS

a. PERFORMANCE OF AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE

Aircraft owners/lessees and their employees may make repairs and perform Aircraft Maintenance on their own Aircraft, not in violation of Federal Aviation Administration Regulations, in T- Hangars. Such Aircraft Maintenance is also subject to the Manassas Regional Airport Minimum Standards, the limitations contained in these Rules and Regulations and any restrictions on such activities as may be promulgated by an applicable Franchise Agreement, Lease Agreement, or other applicable agreement.

b. CERTIFIED SPECIALISTS

An Aircraft owner/lessee may employ an FAA certified specialist for Aircraft Maintenance activity to his/her own Aircraft in a T- Hangar provided the certified specialist is registered with the Airport prior to performing Aircraft Maintenance as defined herein, and provided that the certified specialist complies with the Manassas Regional Airport Minimum Standards, and with the limitations on Aircraft Maintenance activities as specified in these Rules and Regulations and any applicable Franchise Agreement, Lease Agreement, or other applicable agreement.

Aircraft Maintenance activities shall not be in violation of NFPA 409 for Group III Aircraft Hangar, Use Group S-1.

c. ASSEMBLY OF AMATEUR-BUILT EXPERIMENTAL AIRCRAFT

Lessees or Franchisees of hangars may accomplish assembly of an amateur-built experimental Aircraft project in his/her leased or franchised T-hangar. The Aircraft builder must maintain compliance with any applicable Franchise Agreement, or Lease Agreement, any applicable By-Laws of the hangar association, the Manassas Regional Airport Minimum Standards, and all limitations contained in these Rules and Regulations.

5.05 LIMITATIONS ON ACTIVITIES IN AIRCRAFT HANGARS

- 1. Except for oil in containers, not more than five aggregate gallons of flammable liquid or gases, including but not limited to gasoline, dope, paint, thinner, or solvent (other than fuel in Aircraft fuel tanks), shall be stored in any facility housing Aircraft, except as is necessary for use inside repair shops by approved Fixed Base Operators or Certified Repair Stations. The storage of such fluids shall be in NFPA, Department of Transportation (DOT) or Underwriters Laboratories, Inc (UL) approved containers, or in unopened original containers. A separate Building for such storage may be required by the City of Manassas in its sole discretion.
- 2. The washing of Aircraft with running water within a hangar not equipped with a functioning floor drainage system is prohibited.
- 3. Lessees or Franchisees or Tenants of all hangars will exercise reasonable care to keep oil, grease, and similar substances off the floor.
- 4. Lessees or Franchisees or Tenants shall conduct no Commercial Activity of any kind whatsoever in, from or around Aircraft hangars except as allowed by a Franchise Agreement, Lease Agreement, or any other agreement with the City of Manassas.

- 5. Space or Building heating systems or devices in any T-Hangar shall only be approved systems or devices as listed by the Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., and shall be installed in the manner prescribed by the Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., and approved by the City of Manassas Fire Marshal. The use of kerosene heaters or any type of open flame heaters or apparatus is prohibited in hangars. Natural gas or LP gas-fueled heaters may be permanently installed in hangars that are suitably plumbed for such devices, only after receipt of approval of the Director and the City of Manassas Building Official. Heating units must be installed in accordance with the City's Fire Code and Building Code requirements.
- 6. The proper and legal disposal of used oils, fluids, tires and other similar consumables related to Aircraft and Motor Vehicles is the sole responsibility of the hangar Franchisee, Lessee, or Tenant.
- 7. Hangar Franchisees, Lessees or Tenants shall not cause an electrical overload on the hangar circuit.
- 8. Aircraft hangars shall not be used for any purpose that would constitute a nuisance or would interfere with the reasonable use and occupancy of any other Buildings and structures.
- 9. Only non-flammable cleaning agents or solvents shall be used when cleaning Aircraft, Aircraft engines or Aircraft parts and other equipment. When the use of flammable solvents cannot be avoided, to the satisfaction of an authorized Airport representative, only liquids having flash points in excess of 100 degrees Fahrenheit shall be used and special precautions shall be taken to eliminate ignition sources.

No person shall use a volatile flammable substance for cleaning purposes inside any hangar, except that small amounts of solvent dispensed onto a rag may be used for cleaning purposes in a hangar so long as the hangar door is fully open so as to avoid the building up of flammable and/or potentially toxic fumes.

- 10. No Person shall operate any machinery or equipment in a hangar that produces unshielded sparks.
- 11. No Aircraft or Aircraft component shall be suspended or lifted utilizing the hangar's structure or any component of the building. Lifting devices resting on the floor but not attached to any portion of the hangar are permitted.
- 12. Tools, equipment, and material that constitute a fire hazard are prohibited in hangars.
- 13. No tools, machines, or maintenance fixtures may be attached to any hangar structure or floor that would have a negative effect on the structural integrity of the hangar, as determined by the Airport Director in consultation with the City's Building Official.

- 14. T-Hangar occupants shall maintain an approved, ten (10) pound minimum, dry chemical fire extinguisher suitable for use on Types "B" and "C" fires. The extinguisher shall carry a current inspection certificate from an approved fire equipment company or the City Fire Marshal. The ten pound minimum pertains to the amount of dry chemical stored, not the net weight of the extinguisher.
- 15. A low-current, constant current/constant voltage charger with an output of no more than 3 amps that is used to trickle charge batteries is allowed in T-hangars.

5.06 FOREIGN OBJECT DEBRIS (FOD)

- a. Each Person employed at Airport shall be responsible for the proper disposal of FOD on Aprons and the AOA. FOD shall be properly disposed of in containers that prevent the introduction of the FOD to Aprons and the AOA.
- b. Lessees, Franchisees, or other occupants of Apron areas shall place suitable containers labeled "Foreign Object Debris" at every gate, remote Aircraft parking area, and maintenance facility.
- c. Containers labeled "Foreign Object Debris" shall be used only for the disposal of FOD. All FOD containers shall be emptied on a regular basis by the owner of the container.